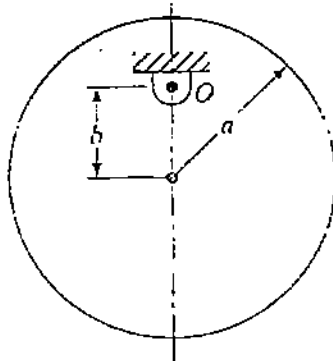


Name: Mickel Akaki

MEN 330  
EXAM I  
SPRING 2005

96 good

- 1) (20 pts) Find the natural frequency of oscillation of the system made up of a uniform circular disc pivoted at point  $O$ .



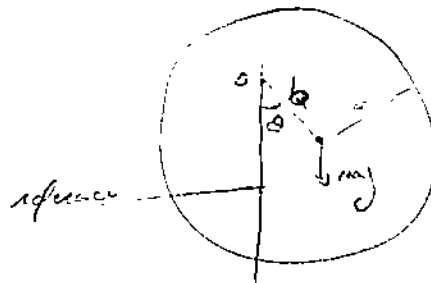
20

good

By Conservation of energy.

$U + T = \text{constant}$ .

$$\Rightarrow I_O = \frac{1}{2} m a^2 + m b^2$$



$$\Rightarrow m g b + \frac{1}{2} I_O \dot{\theta}^2 = \text{constant}$$

$$\text{then } m g b (1 - \cos \theta) + \frac{1}{2} I_O \dot{\theta}^2 = \text{cte.}$$

$$\text{since } \theta \text{ is small } \Rightarrow 1 - \cos \theta \approx \frac{\theta^2}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} m g b \theta^2 + \frac{1}{2} I_O \dot{\theta}^2 = \text{cte.}$$

$$\text{Derive } m g b \theta \dot{\theta} + I_O \dot{\theta} \ddot{\theta} = 0$$

$$m g b \theta + \left( \frac{1}{2} m a^2 + m b^2 \right) \ddot{\theta} = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow g b \theta + \left( \frac{1}{2} a^2 + b^2 \right) \ddot{\theta} = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{g b}{\frac{1}{2} a^2 + b^2}}$$

2) (15 pts) A machine weighing 2000 N rests on a support. The support deflects about 5 cm as a result of the machine. The floor under the support is somewhat flexible and moves, because of the motion of a nearby machine, harmonically at resonance with an amplitude of 0.2 cm. Assume a damping ratio of  $\zeta = 0.01$ , and calculate the amplitude of the transmitted force and the amplitude of the transmitted displacement.

$$m = \frac{2000}{9.81} = 203.87 \text{ kg}$$

$$F = Kx \Rightarrow k = \frac{F}{x} = \frac{2000}{5 \times 10^{-2}} = 40,000 \text{ N/m}$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{40,000}{203.87}} = 14 \text{ rad/s}$$

It is a base excitation problem

since resonance is  $\omega_b = \omega_n \Rightarrow r = 1$

$$\frac{F_T}{k y} = r^2 \left[ \frac{1 + (2\zeta r)^2}{(1-r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2} \right]^{1/2} \Rightarrow \frac{F_T}{40,000 \times 2 \times 10^{-2}} = \left[ \frac{1 + (2 \times 0.01)^2}{(2 \times 0.01)^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{F_T = 4,000.8 \text{ N}} = \text{Amplitude of transmitted force}$$

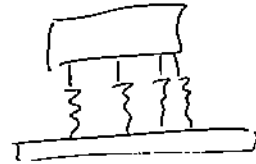
$$\frac{x}{y} = \left[ \frac{1 + (2\zeta r)^2}{(1-r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2} \right]^{1/2} = \left[ \frac{1 + (2 \times 0.01)^2}{(2 \times 0.01)^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{x = 0.1 \text{ m}} = \text{Amplitude of transmitted displacement}$$



15

- a) (15 pts) An electric motor weighing 750 lb and running at 1800 rpm is supported on four steel helical springs, each of which has eight active coils with a wire diameter of 0.25 in and a coil diameter of 3 in. The rotor has a weight of 100 lb with its center of mass located at a distance of 0.01 in from the axis of rotation. Find the amplitude of the force transmitted to the base of the motor.



$$e = 0.01 \text{ in}$$

$$m_0 = 0.2588 \text{ slug}$$

$$\omega_r = 188.5 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$m = 1.941 \text{ slug}$$

$$K = \frac{G d^4}{64 \pi R^3} = \frac{11 \times 10^6 \times 0.25^4}{64 \times 8 \times 1.5^3} = 24.866 \text{ lb/in.} \quad \checkmark \quad 13$$

$$K_{eq} = 4(24.866) = 99.464 \text{ lb/in.} \quad \checkmark \quad (\text{since springs are in parallel})$$

Rotational Unbalance:

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{K}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{99.464}{1.941}} = 7.16 \text{ rad/s.}$$

$$r = \frac{\omega_r}{\omega_n} = 26.33 \quad \checkmark$$

$$X = \frac{m_0 e}{m} \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{(1-r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2}} \quad \checkmark \quad \zeta = 0 \text{ since no damping.}$$

$$X = \frac{0.2588 \times 0.01}{1.941} \times \frac{26.33^2}{\sqrt{(1-76.33^2)^2}} = 1.33 \times 10^{-3} \text{ in.} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{F_T}{K_{eq}} = r^2 \left[ \frac{1 + (2\zeta r)^2}{(1-r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2} \right]^{1/2} = 26.33^2 \left[ \frac{1}{(1-r^2)^2} \right]^{1/2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$F_T = 99.464 \times 1.33 \times 10^{-3} = 0.99855 \quad \Rightarrow \quad F_T = 0.132 \text{ lb} \quad \checkmark$$

This transmitted force is due to unbalance, it should be added to the force due to weight  
 $\dots \dots \dots 750 + 0.132 = 750.132 \text{ lb.} \quad \checkmark$